

California Pacific Charter Schools • Community Collaborative Charter Schools

## Grade 2 – English Language Arts Common Core State Standards

Second grade students accurately read and understand a range of literature and informational text. They use correct grammar, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. They can plan and deliver a presentation about a story or experience.

□ ask and answer questions (who, what, where, when, why & how) about key details in a

## Reading: Literature / Fiction The student can:

subjects) of appropriate complexity for grades 2-3.

	text.
	□ retell stories, including fables and folktales, and explain the central message or lesson. □ describe how characters respond to major events or challenges in a story.
	□ describe how words (e.g., rhymes, repeated lines) give rhythm and meaning in a story or poem. □ describe the structure of a story and the purpose of the beginning and
	ending.
	□ use different voices for different characters when reading aloud.
	□ use information gained from illustrations and words to describe characters, setting, and plot. □ compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g.,
	Cinderella).
	□ read and understand stories and poems of appropriate complexity for grades 2-3.
Readir	ng: Informational Text / Nonfiction The student can:
	$\ \square$ ask and answer questions (who, what, where, when, why & how) about key details in a text.
	<ul> <li>identify the main topic of an entire piece as well as specific paragraphs within the text.</li> <li>explain the connection between historical events, scientific ideas, or steps in a</li> </ul>
	process. □ determine/clarify the meaning of words or phrases through context and/or
	word analysis.   use text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries,
	indexes, icons) to locate key information efficiently.
	□ identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer or
	explain. □ explain how specific charts, diagrams and illustrations clarify a text.
	□ explain how an author's reasons support his/her specific points.
	□ compare/contrast specific points on the same topic from two different texts.
	□ read and comprehend informational text (history/social studies, science, technical

Reading: Foundational Skills The student can:
<ul> <li>apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills to decode words.</li> <li>tell the difference between long and short vowels when reading.</li> <li>identify spelling patterns for common long vowel teams (e.g., ai, ea, oa).</li> <li>decode two-syllable words with regular long and short vowel patterns.</li> <li>decode words with common prefixes and suffixes. □ recognize and read words with common but irregular spelling patterns (e.g., could, weigh, tough).</li> <li>read grade level text with purpose and understanding.</li> <li>read grade level text aloud with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.</li> <li>use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding.</li> </ul>
Writing The student can:
<ul> <li>□ write opinion pieces which (a) introduce the topic or book, (b) state an opinion, (c) give reasons that support the opinion, (d) use linking words (e.g., because, also), &amp; (e) provide a concluding statement.</li> <li>□ write informative/explanatory texts which (a) introduce a topic, (b) use facts and definitions to develop points, and (c) provide a concluding section or statement. □ write narratives which (a) recount an event or sequence of events, (b) include details to describe actions, thoughts and feelings, (c) use time words to show order, and (d) provide a sense of closure.</li> <li>□ participate in shared research and writing projects.</li> <li>□ recall experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.</li> <li>□ write routinely for a range of specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.</li> </ul>
With guidance and support from adults, the student can:
□ strengthen writing by revising and editing.
□ use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing.
Speaking and Listening The student can:
<ul> <li>participate in discussions about second grade topics and books with peers and adults.</li> <li>follow rules for discussion (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, speaking one at a time).</li> <li>link comments to the remarks of others.</li> <li>ask for clarification and further explanation about topics and books under discussion.</li> <li>recall, describe and ask questions about ideas and details from an oral presentation o read aloud.</li> <li>give and follow three- and four-step oral directions.</li> <li>plan and deliver narrative presentations that (a) recount an event, (b) include details, (c) follow a logical order, and (d) provide a conclusion.</li> <li>create audio recordings of stories or poems; add visual displays to clarify ideas, thoughts &amp; feelings.</li> </ul>
Language The student can:

 $\hfill\Box$  create readable documents with legible print.

□ use collective nouns (e.g., group) and irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth,
fish). □ use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
□ form and use the past tense of irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).
□ use adjectives and adverbs appropriately.
□ create, expand and rearrange simple and compound sentences.
□ use correct capitalization, punctuation, and spelling, including (a) capital letters for
holidays, product names & geographic names, (b) commas in greetings and closings of
letters, (c) apostrophes in contractions and possessives, and (d) common spelling
patterns.
□ consult beginning dictionaries or glossaries to check and correct spellings.
□ compare formal and informal uses of English.
□ use context clues within a sentence to figure out the meaning of an unknown word or
phrase.
□ use affixes (e.g., un-, re-) and root words to figure out the meaning of an unknown
words.
use individual word meanings to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g.,
housefly). □ distinguish shades of meaning among related verbs (e.g., toss, hurl) &
adjectives (e.g., thin, skinny).